

TEK CONV. ANTIFREEZE – 100, 50/50

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Use: Automotive coolant system (antifreeze/anticorrosion).

Product Number(s): TEK20026, TEK20027

Synonyms: TEK CONV. ANTIFREEZE – 100, 50/50

Company Identification : PORT CONSOLIDATED INC.

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USA

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Emergency Phone: (954) 763-3390

Product Information: email : Info@tekstarlubricants.com

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Product Information: (800) 683-5823

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SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	60 - 100 %weight
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	1 - 5 %weight
Dipotassium phosphate	7758-11-4	1 - 5 %weight

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

May cause dizziness, drowsiness and reduced alertness

Contains material that may cause birth defects based on animal data Causes damage to kidney

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Skin: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

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Ingestion: If the material is swallowed, get immediate medical attention or advice -- Do not induce vomiting.

Inhalation: If gas/fume/vapor/dust/mist from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Note to Physicians: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Classification: OSHA Classification (29 CFR 1910.1200): Not classified by OSHA as flammable or combustible.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0.

Flammable Properties:

Flashpoint: (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup) 127 °C (260 °F)

Auto-ignition: No Data Available

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: 3.2 Upper:

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, CO₂, AFFF Foam or alcohol resistant foam.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting: Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautionary Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe vapor or fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling.

General Handling Information: Do not taste or swallow antifreeze or solution. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum

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Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'.

Storage: Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store only in approved containers.

Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eye/Face Protection: No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

Skin Protection: No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC or Vinyl).

Respiratory Protection: Determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended occupational exposure limits for jurisdiction of use. If airborne concentrations are above the acceptable limits, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from this material, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors, Dusts and Mists.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component: Ethylene Glycol Agency: ACGIH Ceiling: 100 mg/m³

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Green

Physical State: Liquid

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Odor: Faint or Mild
pH: 10.2 – 11
Vapor Pressure: <0.1 mmHg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Vapor Density (Air = 1): 2.1 (Typical)
Boiling Point: 196.1°C (385°F)
Solubility: Miscible
Freezing Point: -36.7°C (-34°F)
Specific Gravity: 1.13 @ 15.6°C (60.1°F) / 15.6°C (60.1°F)
Viscosity: No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Hazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions.

Materials Incompatibility: Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition of this product may emit oxides of nitrogen and carbon monoxide.

Decomposition of this product may yield oxides of phosphorus.

Decomposition of this product may emit oxides of sulfur.

Irritating and/or toxic gases may be emitted upon the product's decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Irritation: The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Skin Irritation: The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Skin Sensitization: No product toxicology data available.

Acute Dermal Toxicity: The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product contains diethylene glycol (DEG). The estimated oral lethal dose is about 50 cc (1.6 oz) for an adult human. DEG has caused the following effects in laboratory animals: liver abnormalities, kidney damage and blood abnormalities. It has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: liver abnormalities, kidney damage, lung damage and central nervous system damage.

The toxicity of EG via inhalation or skin contact is expected to be slight at room temperature. The estimated oral lethal dose is about 100 cc (3.3 oz.) for an adult human. Ethylene glycol is oxidized to oxalic acid which results in the deposition of calcium oxalate crystals mainly in the brain and kidneys. Early signs and symptoms of EG poisoning may resemble those of alcohol intoxication. Later, the victim may experience nausea, vomiting,

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weakness, abdominal and muscle pain, difficulty in breathing and decreased urine output. When EG was heated above the boiling point of water, vapors formed which reportedly caused unconsciousness, increased lymphocyte count, and a rapid, jerky movement of the eyes in persons chronically exposed. When EG was administered orally to pregnant rats and mice, there was an increase in fetal deaths and birth defects. Some of these effects occurred at doses that had no toxic effects on the mothers. We are not aware of any reports that EG causes reproductive toxicity in human beings.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. The ecotoxicity hazard is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material.

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

Ready Biodegradability: This material is expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues: Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulation.

Contaminated Packaging: No consideration given when disposed of according to local, state, and Federal regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethylene glycol)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : 9 Reportable quantity Ethylene glycol (5,000 lb)

ERG Code : 171

Marine pollutant : no

International Regulations

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES:

1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: YES

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- 2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: YES
- 3. Fire Hazard: NO
- 4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: NO
- 5. Reactivity Hazard: NO

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01-1=IARC Group 1	03=EPCRA 313
01-2A=IARC Group 2A	04=CA Proposition 65
01-2B=IARC Group 2B	05=MA RTK
02=NTP Carcinogen	06=NJ RTK
	07=PA RTK

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

Diethylene glycol	07
Ethylene Glycol	03, 05, 06, 07

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), EINECS (European Union), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).

NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:

Refer to components listed in Section 2.

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B: Toxic Material - Acute Lethality

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A: Very Toxic Material - Teratogenicity and Embryotoxicity

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

HMIS RATINGS: Health: 2* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

(0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *-Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

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END OF MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET