

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# TEK GEAR COMP. EP ISO 68, 100,150, 220, 320, 460, 680

### SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Use: Gear Oil						
Product Number(s): TEK20019, TEK20020, TEK20021						
Synonyms: TEK Gear Comp. EP ISO 68, 100,150, 220, 320, 460, 680						
Company Identification :	PORT CONSOLIDATED INC.					
	11550 NW 36 AVE					
	MIAMI FL 33167-2909					
	USA					
	www.portconsolidated.com					
Emergency Phone:	(954) 763-3390					
Product Information:	email : Info@tekstarlubricants.com					
	Web: www.tekstarlubricants.com					
	Product Information: (800) 683-5823					
	MSDS Requests: (800) 683-5823					

### SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT		
Highly-refined petroleum lubricant oils	Mixture	100 %weight		

# SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

This product is not expected to cause **eye** irritation under normal conditions of use. Symptoms of slight eye irritation may result when direct contact occurs.

Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

No **skin** irritation can be expected from single short-term exposure to this product. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin. High-Pressure Equipment Information: Accidental high-velocity injection under the skin of materials of this type may result in serious injury. Seek medical attention at once should an accident like this occur. The initial wound at the injection site may not appear to be serious at first; but, if left untreated, could result in disfigurement or amputation of the affected part.

Ingestion: Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing.



# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye**: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

**Skin:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

**Ingestion:** No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice. **Inhalation**: No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

**Note to Physicians:** In an accident involving high-pressure equipment, this product may be injected under the skin. Such an accident may result in a small, sometimes bloodless, puncture wound. However, because of its driving force, material injected into a fingertip can be deposited into the palm of the hand.

Within 24 hours, there is usually a great deal of swelling, discoloration, and intense throbbing pain. Immediate treatment at a surgical emergency center is recommended..

# SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Leaks/ruptures in high pressure system using materials of this type can create a fire hazard when in the vicinity of ignition sources.

**FIRE CLASSIFICATION:** NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material.

#### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

Flashpoint: (Cleveland Open Cup) 221 °C (430°F) Minimum. (Pensky-Martens.) Closed cup: 179°C (354°F). Autoignition: No data available Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: Not Applicable Upper: Not Applicable

**Extinguishing Media:** Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog. Water or foam may cause frothing. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.

**Protection of Fire Fighters:** Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure selfcontained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill Management:** Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.



**Reporting:** Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Keep containers closed and do not handle or store near heat, sparks, or any other potential ignition sources. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Never siphon by mouth. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures.

Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Drain and purge equipment, as necessary, to remove material residues. Follow proper entry procedures, including compliance with 29 CFR 1910.146 prior to entering confined spaces such as tanks or pits. Use appropriate respiratory protection when concentrations exceed any established occupational exposure level (See Section 8). Promptly remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Protect containers against physical damage. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.

**Storage:** Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store only in approved containers. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Storage area must meet OSHA requirements and applicable fire codes. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

**Eye/Face Protection:** No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

**Skin Protection:** No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: 4H (PE/EVAL), Nitrile Rubber, Silver Shield, Viton. **Respiratory Protection:** No respiratory protection is normally required.



If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits:**

Component	Agency	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Non-hazardous additive blend in refined oil	ACGIH	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3		
Non-hazardous additive blend in refined oil	OSHA Z-1	5 mg/m3			

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: The data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Amber Physical State: Liquid Odor: Petroleum odor pH: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: <0.001 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) (at 20°C) Vapor Density (Air = 1): >1 Boiling Point: 315°C (599°F) Solubility: Soluble in hydrocarbons; insoluble in water Freezing Point: Not Applicable Specific Gravity: 0.89 (Water = 1) Viscosity: ISO 150 / 145cSt @ 40 C - ISO 220 / 210cSt @ 40 C - ISO 460 / 400cSt @ 40 C ISO 150 / 14 cSt @ 100 C - ISO 220 / 19cSt @ 100 - ISO 460 / 24 cSt @ 100 C

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**Incompatibility With Other Materials:** May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

Materials Incompatibility: Oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known (None expected)

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.



# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Irritation:** The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components. **Skin Irritation:** The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Skin Sensitization**: The skin sensitization hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Dermal Toxicity**: The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

#### ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils have not been listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A), or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). These oils have not been classified by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) as: confirmed human carcinogen (A1), suspected human carcinogen (A2), or confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans (A3).

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### ECOTOXICITY

Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

An environmental fate analysis is not available for this specific product. Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products.

Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Because this product may be mixed with other components, or used in processes that may contaminate it, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to determine at the time of disposal if the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Dispose of material and empty containers, liners, and any dilutions, according to local, state, and federal regulations.



### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) 49 - CFR 172.101
US DOT Status: Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous material Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated.
Hazard Class: Not regulated.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
UN/NA Number: Not regulated
Reportable Quantity: A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for this material.
Emergency Response Guide No.: Not applicable.

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**TSCA Inventory:** This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

**SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning and Notification:** The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.

**SARA 311/312 Hazard Identification:** The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories: No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.

**SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification and Release Reporting:** This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minims levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified

**CERCLA:** The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. This product or refinery stream is not known to contain chemical substances subject to this statute. However, it is recommended that you contact state and local authorities to determine if there are any other reporting requirements in the event of a spill.

**Clean Water Act (CWA):** This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.



**California Proposition 65:** This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): Ethyl acrylate: <0.001%

New Jersey Right-to-Know Label: Petroleum Oil (Gear Oil)

Additional Remarks: No additional regulatory remarks.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

HMIS and NFPA Hazard Class Information: HMIS Hazard Class: Health: 1 (Slight) Flammability: 1 (Slight) Physical Hazard: 0 (Least) NFPA Hazard Class:Health: Health: 0 (Least) Flammability: 1 (Slight) Instability: 0 (Least)

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